

## WHEN GLASSES ARE NEEDED.

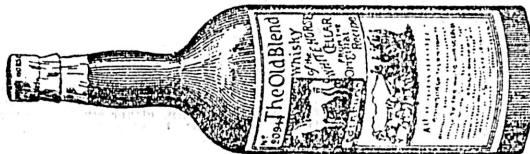
Sometimes the need of glasses is not realized. Uneasiness or discomfort of the eyes, headache, dizziness, and other symptoms should warn you that your eyes need our attention.

OUR OPTICAL EXPERT MAKES A SCIENTIFIC EXAMINATION OF EYES WITHOUT CHARGE, and fits lenses to each individual case.

Will you consult him?

CHALLONER & MITCHELL Jewelers and Opticians  
47 Gov't St.

## YE OLD BLEND OF YE WHITE HORSE CELLAR



A Scotch Brew Grateful and Comforting.

## Hudson's Bay Co.

AGENTS.



### TAKE TIME...

To read our advertisement. It is not time wasted, as there is always something to interest you and your table will be filled at a very small cost with the finest delicacies.

EASTERN EGGS (TESTED) ... 25c. doz.  
CREAMERY BUTTER ..... 25c. lb.  
DAIRY BUTTER ..... 20c. lb.  
SNOW FLAKES (the finest breakfast food) ..... 10c. package.  
ENGLISH SAUCE ..... 10c. bottle.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.  
CASH GROCERS.

## TOP SHIRTS

TRADE J. P. & CO. MARK  
VICTORIA B.C.

Our shirts are the best manufacture and latest styles, and we guarantee each and every garment to be best value on the market. Call and inspect the goods, or write for samples.

J. Piercy & Co. WHOLESALE DRY GOODS. VICTORIA B.C.

GENUINE DOUBLE BOILED ENGLISH LINSEED OIL \$1 Per Gal.  
In Barrel Lots. \$1.05 per Gal. in 4 Gal. Tins.  
WHITE LEAD, \$7.45 and \$7.80 per 100 lbs.

J. W. MELLOR, - - 76 & 78 FORT ST

## Notice

We, the undersigned brick makers, have this day appointed J. RAYMOND, Sole Agent for the sale of our bricks, and to him all orders must be addressed.

ELFORD & SMITH,  
(Signed) JENNINGS BROS.  
M. HUMBER,  
JAMES BAKER.

Victoria, B.C., Aug. 6, 1900.  
Office, Corner Government and Pandora Streets.

Victoria Transfer Company

LIMITED.

Incorporated by Special Act of Parliament, 1883.

Livery & Hack Stables  
19, 21, 23 Broughton St., foot of Broad.  
HACKS, BAGGAGE WAGONS, TRUCKS,  
AND BUSES SUPPLIED AT ANY  
HOUR OF THE DAY OR  
NIGHT.  
TELEPHONE CALL 120.

Received a large shipment of Bran and Shorts, first-class Potatoes and all kinds of Grain at lowest prices.

E. M. NODEK, 12 Store St.

Next to E. & N. Railway Station.

TELEPHONE CALL 120.

ADVERTISE IN THE COLONIST

Dry Monopole  
Veuve Clicquot  
Pommery } CHAMPAGNES.

Anheuser Busch. } LAGER BEER.  
Caledonian Liqueur } SCOTCH WHISKY.

R. P. RITHET & CO. LTD.  
VICTORIA.

## AMBERITE

Just arrived, ex Br. ship Glonogli  
a full consignment of

Curtiss & Harvey's Sporting  
Amberite and Black Powder

ALSO A FULL LINE OF THE CELEBRATED AMBERITE SMOKELESS SHOT-GUN CARTRIDGES, LOADED IN ENGLAND

For prices and particulars, apply to

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED.  
VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER.

Houde's  
STRAIGHT CUT  
Cigarettes  
Manufactured by  
B. HOODE & CO.  
QUEBEC  
ARE BETTER THAN  
THE BEST.

Lime!  
Lime!  
Marble Bay Lime.  
(Trade Mark)

IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

The strongest and best lime on the market. Walls built with "Marble Bay Lime" will last twice as long as those made with inferior lime.

EVERY BARREL IS GUARANTEED.  
EVERY BARREL BEARS OUR TRADE  
MARK (Marble Bay Lime.)

FIVE BARRELS OF "MARBLE BAY" LIME will go further than six of any other lime on the market.

OUR "PLASTERERS" BRAND IS A  
SPECIALLY SELECTED LIME FOR  
PLASTERERS' USE—THERE IS NONE  
SO GOOD.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS. Kept in  
stock in Victoria by KINGHAM & CO.

Dr. S. M. Hartman  
DENTIST.

Inventor of an apparatus for Cleft Palate  
and Improved Dental Plate; none but first-  
class operations performed.

Office: 116 Government Street.

## RAZORS.

Razor Strops and a full line of Shaving  
Outfits just to hand. A full line of Sheaf-  
Table Cutlery, Carvers, etc. just  
opened at

FOX'S, 78 GOVT ST

Telephone 697.

TRADES CONGRESS.

Officers Elected at the Meeting in  
Ottawa.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—Ralph Smith was  
to-day re-elected president of the Labor  
Congress. James Wilks, Nelson, was  
elected vice-president for British Colum-  
bia; and J. B. McLaren (Rossland),  
George Bartley (Vancouver), and Thos.  
Twiss (Victoria), provincial executive.

Brentford was chosen as the next place  
of meeting.

George W. Dower, of Toronto, for 13  
years secretary of the congress, was de-  
feated by P. W. Draper, of Ottawa.

The congress passed a resolution  
against manual training in schools.

Horses and Cattle have colic and cramps.  
Pain-Killer will cure them every time. Half  
a bottle of hot water repeated a few times.  
Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-  
Killer, Perry Davis', 25c. and 50c.

Calcutta, Sept. 21.—The extraordinary  
rainfall in Northern India has not ceased  
for four days. Half the city of Calcutta  
is submerged, and many houses have  
collapsed. There is very little loss of life,  
although as the rain continues very  
heavy there is considerable apprehen-  
sion.

## Killed

### By Posse

Sheriff and His Deputies Fire  
on Miners at Shenandoah.

Two Shot Dead and Seven  
Other Persons Are  
Wounded.

Little Girl and Man Sitting at  
His Own Door Are  
Victims.

Shenandoah, Pa., Sept. 21.—A sheriff's  
posse fired on a crowd of riotous men  
near here this afternoon, killing two  
persons and wounding seven others.

Sheriff Toole and Deputies O'Donnell  
and Brennan were called to Shenandoah  
to-day to suppress the mobs that threat-  
ened mine workers and colliery property.

At quitting time the three sheriffs and a  
small posse whom the sheriff had sum-  
moned on the ground went to the Indian  
Ridge colliery of the Reading Com-  
pany, to escort the working miners to  
their homes. The colliery is located a  
short distance east of Shenandoah.

The workmen left for home shortly  
after 4 o'clock. They walked up the  
middle of East Centre street and reached  
the Lehigh Valley railroad. Here had  
gathered a large crowd of Poles, Slavs  
and Hungarians—men, women and children—who lined both sides of the street.

A shot rang out from a saloon. This  
was followed by a shower of stones.  
Many of the crowd had picked up sticks  
and stones and were acting in a threat-  
ening manner. Seeing this, the sheriff,  
who had previously cautioned his men  
to keep cool and not to use their fire-  
arms, commanded them to fire. The  
order was obeyed, with terrible results.

The crowd pursued the sheriff and his  
posse to the Ferguson house, where they  
took refuge.

Sheriff Toole shortly afterwards tele-  
graphed to Harrisburg and asked that a  
detachment of troops be sent here. It  
was learned that Adjutant-General  
Stewart was in Philadelphia, and a tele-  
gram was sent to him there.

Following is a list of killed and  
wounded:

#### KILLED.

Mike Yuckavage, shot in the eye.

A little girl, name unknown, shot in  
the back of the neck.

#### WOUNDED.

So far as could be learned:

Edward Coyle, aged about 50 years,  
bullet wound near the heart. He was  
sitting on his stoop.

Michael Scanlan, shot in the arm.

Anthony Skarnazie, shot in the left  
wrist.

John Wusdikey, aged 40 years, shot in  
the hand; married.

Mike Sazitska, shot in the left  
shoulder.

Anthony Axzlavage, shot in the left  
side, seriously.

Among those who were injured by the  
rioters were the following: George Bed-  
ding, of Pittington, ugly gash in right  
forehead, caused by a brick; Robert  
Edwards, aged 65 years, injured seri-  
ously by stones; Charles Rangland, aged  
35, injured on the neck and head by  
stones.

Superintendent Adam Boyd, Inside  
Foreman Forley, and Breaker Bosses  
James and William Mitchell, of Indian  
Ridge colliery, at 3:30 o'clock this after-  
noon were returning home from work,  
when they were met at the Lehigh  
Valley station by a mob with sticks and  
stones. The mine officials drew revolv-  
ers and fired. The mob became furious  
after one of their number was shot, and  
attempted to close in on the officials.

They ran up Lloyd street and occupied  
a stable where they were imprisoned  
for two hours. The mob threatened to  
burn the stable down, but Sheriff Toole  
with 20 deputies arrived and dispersed  
them, and the mine officials returned to  
their homes.

Philadelphia, Sept. 21.—Sheriff Toole  
of Schuylkill county to-day sent a tele-  
gram to Adjutant-General Stewart asking  
for troops as a result of a clash be-  
tween marching strikers and coal and  
iron police at Shenandoah this after-  
noon.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 21.—At mid-  
night the Fourth, Eighth and Twelfth  
regiments, the Governor's troop, and  
Battery "C" were called out, with Gen.  
Gobin in command.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the  
Adjutant-General returned to Harris-  
burg on the train leaving here at 8:50  
p.m.

The sheriff's message was delivered to  
the Adjutant-General a few minutes  
after his arrival in the city from Harris-  
burg. General Stewart at once com-  
municated with Sheriff Toole by tele-  
phone. After a brief conversation the

## CENTRAL HOSPITAL BRONCHIAL CURE OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

For coughs and all diseases of the throat and lungs this preparation is in big demand throughout the British Empire. For sale by  
**GEO. MORISON & CO., CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS**  
SOLE AGENT FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA.  
55 GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.

**Sir Charles**  
At Stathroy

**Denounces the Premier for Retaining Mr. Tarte in the Cabinet.**

**Minister of Public Works Hung on, Though He Was Not Wanted.**

Strathroy, Sept. 21.—Speaking here this afternoon, Sir Charles Tupper again denounced Mr. Tarte for his alleged statement in Paris, that 99 out of every 100 of the two million French in Canada were opposed to sending Canadian soldiers to South Africa. Sir Wilfrid Laurier forfeited the right to be premier of Canada when he retained in his cabinet a minister of the crown who made such a statement as that, although he must admit that Sir Wilfrid had done everything he could to get rid of Tarte.

He repeated that Sir Wilfrid had betrayed Canada in regard to preferential trade. He believed Sir Wilfrid would not have turned his back on preferential trade the moment he arrived in England, unless he had previously made a promise to some one not to secure preferential trade. "Why," said Sir Charles, "I could go to New York and get half a million dollars for this election if I promised to turn my back on preferential trade. I don't say he did that, but I say the circumstances are terribly suspicious."

Sir Charles concluded by speaking of the benefits that would accrue to Canada from mutual preferential trade. Mr. Foster and Hugh John Macdonald spoke also, briefly.

EARL LI AT TAKU.

He Proceeds to Tien Tsin Under Escort. Where Residence Is Ready.

Paris, Sept. 21.—The French consul at Canton telegraphs, under date of Thursday, Sept. 20, that disorders have broken out at Sun Tai, near Canton. Several villages have been destroyed, and others are besieged. The first batch of troops sent by the viceroy proved powerless to subdue the disorder, and the foreign consuls made a most urgent request for the despatch of a larger body of soldiers. The chancellor of the French consulate and the French gunboat Avalanche will accompany the forces.

Tong Ku, Sept. 19, via Shanghai, Sept. 20.—Li Hung Chang arrived on Tuesday at the Taku anchorage, where he was visited by Rear-Admiral Remey and the Russian flag captain. He proceeded to Tong Ku to-day. He was received with no special honors, and his presence attracted little attention. Only the Russian and Japanese officers called on him, but later he had a long consultation with Vice-Admiral Alexeif on board a Russian warship.

Earl Li, accompanied by a Russian guard of seven, and his escort, the last unarmored, by wearing the imperial uniform, will proceed by special train to Tien Tsin, where a residence has been prepared for his occupancy.

Washington, Sept. 21.—The following despatch, received yesterday at the war department from General Chaffee, was made public to-day:

"Taku, (no date)—Adjutant-General, Washington: Pekin, Sept. 19.—The Rockhill Wilson expedition returned, object successfully accomplished; no casualties to our troops. Forsyth's squadron scouted northeast 40 miles to relieve native Christians, and returned bringing in 14. The surrounding country is daily growing less hostile and more peaceful, so far as my expedition can determine the question. (Signed) Chaffee."

The date of this cablegram, September 19, shows that close communication has been established with the Chinese capital.

New York, Sept. 21.—An imperial decree has been received here, says the Pekin correspondent of the Herald, which announces the arrival of the Emperor and Empress Dowager at Tai Yuan Fu. The decree also commands the Governor of Shan Si province to raise money to build a palace at Tai Yuan Fu as the new intended capital.

UNDER COMPULSION.

Boers in the Field Now Not Anxious to Fight.

London, Sept. 21.—Further reports from Lord Roberts say the Boers who remain in the field include a few irreconcilables, but that the majority are fighting under compulsion. Gen. De la Rey, it is added, holds 300 brutes as prisoners in his laager.

Beira, Portuguese East Africa, Sept. 21.—Guiser, the German-American who murdered British Consul J. E. McMaster in July last, has been sentenced to 22 years' deportation to the west coast of Africa.

Ottawa, Sept. 21.—A cablegram was received here to-day from Col. Otter, stating that 14 officers, including himself, and about 300 non-commissioned officers and men have elected to remain in service in South Africa.

Montreal, Sept. 21.—Among the returning Canadian invalids on the Dominion liner Cambrian, which sailed from Liverpool yesterday for Quebec, is Private George Hutchings, of Vancouver.

A FRENCH ANNEX.

A Couple of South Sea Islands Have Joined the Republic.

Melbourne, Victoria, Sept. 21.—The Birritu and Tubuai islands were formally annexed to France by the government of Tahiti on August 21, at the request of the natives.

WHERE ARE THE SKEPTICS?

In spite of all the evidence published in the daily press, and even in spite of the testimony of your best friends, you may be skeptical regarding the unusual virtues of Dr. Chase's Ointment. Nothing short of an actual trial will prove to you beyond the possibility of doubt that Dr. Chase's Ointment is an absolute cure.

A single box will suffice to treat the most troublesome sore for your neighbor.

In praising Dr. Chase's Ointment, for it is certain to cure you.

## "A Little Spark May Make Much Work."

The little "sparks" of bad blood lurking in the system should be quenched with Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's great blood purifier. It purifies, vitalizes and enriches the blood of both sexes and all ages. Cures scrofula, salt rheum, dyspepsia, catarrh.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Never disappoints.

### TO SAVE

All profits but the maker's on harness buy direct from us. The biggest assortment of the most desirable and dependable Horse equipments made anywhere. We offer a wider range of choice than any dealer in the city can give you. The prices with all the profits of the middlemen cut out.

WADE & McKEON, 44 Yates St.

### Answers Delivered

(Continued From First Page.)

#### VANCOUVER NEWS.

Cohoe Salmon Run Is Light—The Croquet Tournament.

Vancouver, Sept. 21.—The run of coho salmon is reported very slack all over the Sound and on the Fraser. Salmon prices remain firm in England at the advance.

Daniel S. Lamont, first vice-president of the Great Northern railway, arrived in Vancouver yesterday with a party of five.

The following is a list of winners in Thursday's play of the croquet tournament: Mrs. Averell beat Miss Twigg, 2; Mrs. McFarlane beat Miss Dunsuir, 15; Mrs. Holland beat Mrs. G. D. Johnson, 6; Mrs. Martin beat Mrs. Prott, 7; Mrs. Rymer beat Mrs. Selwyn, 3; Mrs. Holland beat Mrs. Plumbert, 14; Mrs. Wynona Johnson and Miss Richards beat G. D. Johnson, 10; Miss Twigg, 16; Mr. Rymer beat Mr. Byrn, 10; Mr. Averell beat Mr. Hayes, 6; Mr. Mahon beat Mrs. Holland, 10.

#### DR. SAYER DEAD.

He Was One of the Famous Surgeons of New York.

New York, Sept. 21.—Dr. Lewis Albert Sayer, one of the famous surgeons of this country, died at his home to-day, aged 81. The cause of death was old age.

When taken at the proper time a little Jesse Moore "AA" whiskey will prevent a cold.

#### SUCCESSFUL OPENING.

Thompson Opera Company Presented "The Idol's Eye" Last Night.

There isn't a great deal of opera in "The Idol's Eye," but there is lots of comedy; and this accounts for the fact that most of those who helped to fill the Victoria theatre last evening came away well satisfied, for it is safe to say that nine-tenths of those who go to comic opera go for the fun—not for the music. Still there was some music, and pretty music at that, which the company that Col. Thompson has got together was well capable of handling. Most of those taking part are familiar to Victorians, Miss Josephine Stanton had lost none of her charm and her appearance was the sign of a burst of applause. Sara Carr, the new young donna, had very little opportunity last evening, but the one solo she sang gave the audience an opportunity of judging her voice. It is a sweet, well modulated and well trained voice, and with it and her stately appearance, she is well fitted to take leading parts. Charles Huntington and Henry Hallam likewise had little singing to do, but all Victorians know that they are equal to any parts set them. Now for those on whom "The Idol's Eye" depends for its success, Kunkle and Henderson, the comedians of the Thompson company. They have been seen here in many comic operas, and have always been welcome. Last evening they added to their laurels. They kept the audience in good humor, their jokes and popular songs being right up to date.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died. Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining a silver watch and gold chain which belonged to the deceased, although he says that he has no trace of another watch, which descended to him.

The chorus, too, requires a word of praise. They are well balanced and sang several tuneful pieces very nicely. Their appearance, too, calls for a compliment, the costuming being neat and pretty.

His Son's Effects.—Mr. W. H. Sheppard, formerly chief of police of Victoria, is at present in the city looking after the effects of his step-son, Private W. F. Whitley, of the Royal Canadian Regiment, one of the Vancouver boys who died in South Africa, says the Vancouver Province. It appears from Mr. Sheppard's story that young Whitley boarded at Mrs. M. J. Dinsmore's, 117 Cordova street east, until he left for the front. When the news of the death reached Mr. Sheppard, he wrote for his step-son's effects but received in reply a bill for \$108, he having died.

Since he came here, however, he has succeeded in obtaining



## The Colonist.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 22, 1900.

Published by

The Colonist Printing &amp; Publishing Co.

Limited Liability,

No. 27 Broad Street, Victoria, B. C.

TERCIVAL R. BROWN, Manager.

## THE DAILY COLONIST.

Delivered by Carrier at 20c. per week, or mailed postpaid to any part of Canada (except the city) and United States at following rates:

One year ..... \$6.00

Six months ..... 3.00

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY COLONIST.

One year ..... \$1.50

Six months ..... 75

Three months ..... 40

Sent postpaid to any part of Canada and the United States.

TERMS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

## NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

All new advertisements and changes of advertising, to ensure their being inserted should be handed in to the business office not later than 6 p. m. Advertising will be accepted up to 8 p. m. at the business office, but insertion cannot be guaranteed. For urgent advertising after 8 p. m., consult the Night Editor.

## SOUTH AFRICAN MEMORANDA.

The Colonist has tried to keep its readers in touch with military operations in South Africa, and now that these are practically at an end—for the movements against the scattered bands of Boers can hardly be so classed—a few memoranda may help them in talking over the events of the past eleven months. In this article reference will be made chiefly to distances; because unless one has these pretty well in mind, it is impossible to appreciate what our troops have accomplished.

Attention was first concentrated upon the campaign in Natal, and therefore we will speak first of the distance covered by the men under Buller. Durban, on the east coast of Africa, was the base of Buller's operations. From Durban to Ladysmith the distance is 190 miles. Having relieved that town, Buller followed the railway running to Pretoria as far as Standerton, which is 369 miles from Durban. He then struck northward, reaching the Netherlands railway at Belfast, a distance of about 100 miles from his point of departure on the Durban-Pretoria railway, or 469 miles from Durban. He then went northeasterly beyond Lyndenburgh for a distance, approximately, of 75 miles, and eastward, possibly as much more, thus making the whole distance traversed from Durban 619 miles, all of it, except about 80 miles, next the base, in the face of the enemy. That is to say, he has fought his way through something like 539 miles of hostile country. Strathcona's Horse is with Buller and has gone over the same road as he has, with possibly 200 miles more, in connection with their attempted advance through Zululand. Strathcona's Horse must have covered over 800 miles, of which nearly 400 miles was in the face of the enemy. Of course, in these distances only the most direct line of travel is taken into consideration. The actual number of miles travelled and fought over must be very much greater than the figures given.

Roberts' base of operation was Cape town. From Capetown to Kimberley is 447 miles. From the vicinity of Kimberley, Roberts marched across country to Bloemfontein, a distance of 90 miles. Thence he went north to Pretoria, which, by the road he had to follow so as to take in Johannesburg by the way, was about 329 miles. From Pretoria to the Portuguese frontier, where his advance forces now are, the distance is 201 miles, making the whole distance traversed from Capetown 1,348 miles, of which 750 miles were in the face of the enemy.

The First Canadian Contingent have been with Roberts. In their deviations from the main line of march, they have added several hundred miles to the above total. It is probably an underestimate to say that the First Contingent fought its way across 1,000 miles of hostile country.

The greatest distance traversed by any division was by that under Sir Frederick Carrington, which is of special interest to Canadians, because our Second Contingent was represented on it. The base was Capetown. From Capetown to Beira the distance is about 1,500 miles. This was made by sea. The distance across Portuguese territory is 350 miles. From the Portuguese frontier to Mafeking is more than 500 miles. From Mafeking this force marched eastward to the neighborhood of Pretoria, and when last heard from was east of Middleburg, and from this it must be given credit for about 300 miles more, making the ground

covered by Carrington's force, so as to be at the death, 2,650 miles.

Gatacre's division, which was so unfortunately handled at Stormberg, debarked at Port Elizabeth, and after varying vicissitudes, reached Bloemfontein, a distance of 450 miles. Its movements after this have been chiefly confined to the Orange River Colony, and it must have 1,000 miles of marching to its credit, nearly all of it being in the face of the enemy.

Methuen's division has done its share of travelling. It went from Capetown to Modder river, 640 miles, whence he worked up across country some 400 miles more in a direct line. He has to his credit at least 600 miles in the face of the enemy.

In all these estimates only the shortest line of travel is taken. The actual distances marched must be much greater.

## DEVELOPMENT OF

## THE PROVINCE.

We make no apology for once more directing attention to this subject. We believe that British Columbia is capable of such great things in an industrial and commercial way that it seems to be a duty to keep them constantly to the front. Moreover, we are all getting older. Not very many of us have as large a share of prosperity as we would like to enjoy, and although it is doubtless a very satisfactory thing to be able to believe that some future generation will make British Columbia a hive of industry, some of us are selfish enough to desire to see some of the great possible prosperity in operation, while we are here to enjoy it. While not exactly coinciding with the Irish member who said, "Mr. Speaker, why should we do anything for posterity?" What has posterity ever done for us? we have a very strong notion that the policy of the country should be so framed that the people, who have borne the burden and the heat of the day in times past, should reap some of the advantages of a somewhat heated campaign in federal politics. Let no one forget that, however much we may differ upon the questions that divide parties at Ottawa, we are all bound up in the future of this province, and that, when the struggle is over, our first duty will be to advance the interests of British Columbia.

Mr. Martin came in, he struck a bold note, but his plan was too circumscribed, and too hastily determined upon. Yet his readiness to pledge the province to the millions necessary to construct a railway from the Coast to Kootenay, while it did not, in our judgment, exhibit very sound financial ideas, did show that he had confidence in the future of British Columbia, and we hope may be regarded as a guarantee that, when Mr. Dunsماur brings down a comprehensive scheme for provincial development, it will have his hearty support. We believe that Mr. Dunsماur will take hold of this problem in earnest, and, accustomed as he is to handling large matters, will not shrink from the really great questions to be determined in formulating and carrying into effect any comprehensive scheme.

It is manifest that in whatever is done there ought to be co-operation between the provincial and federal governments. Without this no great success can be achieved. Hence the desirability of keeping the provincial government wholly free from federal politics. If the Liberals remain in power, or the Conservatives come in, the position of the British Columbia government, when it goes to Ottawa to make a claim of right on its own behalf as a province, and also as an integral part of the Dominion, ought to stand precisely the same. Individually provincial ministers are of course free to do exactly as they wish, but the government ought to know no difference between federal political tricksters.

## HOW THE MONEY GOES.

From Mail and Empire

Mr. Fielding has just announced at Halifax that the expenditure for the year ending June 30, 1900, reached \$52,733,390!

This includes the two classes of outlays—those charged to revenue and those chalked up against the debt.

Here is a comparison of the extravagant Tory and the economical Liberal expenditures:

Under Conservatives.

1892 ..... \$12,272,130  
1893 ..... 40,833,727  
1894 ..... 42,008,233  
1895 ..... 42,872,338  
1896 ..... 41,762,338

Under Liberals.

1897 ..... \$12,672,755  
1898 ..... 45,334,281  
1899 ..... 51,532,655  
1900 ..... 52,713,810

Notice how the outlays decreased from 1896 to 1898, and again how they have jumped up from 1898 to 1900.

Then remember that as Laurier contemplated the Conservative figures he promised to reduce them by four millions.

## THE ELECTIONS.

It was expected that Sir Wilfrid Laurier would announce the date of the elections in his Montreal speech. He did not, but Mr. Bernier said they would be over in less than two months. We suppose that he would not have made such a statement in the presence of his leader without the authority of the latter, so it may, we suppose, be taken as a settled thing that voting will take place some time in November. We observe that the special report sent to the Times does not give Mr. Bernier's statement, but this is probably simply an omission.

Two months is not a very long time for a campaign, but it is long enough, if earnest work is done. The Conservatives of this city are quite ready for the fray whenever it comes on. Their organization is excellent and they feel very confident of success. Nevertheless, they appreciate the necessity of working hard, and we fancy that between now and polling day, whenever it may be fixed, there will be some very earnest canvassing done. All over the province the parties are lining up for the fight, which bids fair to be one of unusual interest, with excellent prospects for a general Conservative victory.

The gay and festive Mudlark is to be equipped with modern boring apparatus, and is to make a number of holes in the bottom of Victoria harbor. Of course there cannot be any possible connection between this and the early election. Perish the thought that Mr. Tarte would be guilty of thinking of the political effect of anything he may do!

The Times apparently thinks that the people of British Columbia are concerned over the Manitoba School question. Well, they are not. They are chiefly concerned in seeing that men shall be placed in power at Ottawa who will do something to develop the resources of British Columbia, which it cannot honestly claim its political friends have done.

A Washington despatch says that the government of the United States has reached a decision regarding the Chinese crisis. There will be a good deal of interest taken in what this may be, for this is the first important question upon which the United States has been acting in concert with the great powers of Europe. The very large interests of the American people in the Orient give the determination of their government a very important bearing on domestic affairs.

The Boers are fighting, under compulsion, that is the most of the few now in the field. That sort of thing cannot last long. Lord Roberts has not much now to do but get things in shape for a capable administrator to restore peace. What remains to be done calls for much executive ability and a judicious use of an iron hand in a velvet glove. The first thing to be done is to show the Boers that submission to the will of Great Britain is the first step to freedom and equality. They have already learned that it is useless to resist British prowess.

## PRESS COMMENT.

## MARKED CARDS.

From Winnipeg Telegram.

Many Grits share their hopes that the Laurier government will be sustained at the next general election upon the fact that, in spite of the Laurier government having been in power during the past four years, Canada has been prosperous. To this fortunate chance and to "Laurier's luck," the Grits look to carry the government.

ment through the troubled waters of the federal elections. When the Grit politicians are confronted with their broken pledges, when it is pointed out to them that the

the solemn assurances regarding the policy which

which they would pursue if placed in power remain unfulfilled, they cannot but confess that

but confess that

that such is the case, but, in extenuation, they urge that in spite of, or

because of, their perfidy Canada has been

prosperous.diverse.

Because a cycle of prosperity

has swept over the civilized world,

during the period in which the present government has been in power, is not a sufficient

reason why the government should be sus-

tained, nor does this era of prosperity ex-

clude the faithlessness of the Grit leaders,

but rather adds to this condemnation which

they may have merited.diverse.

It is in the period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and

and in the period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

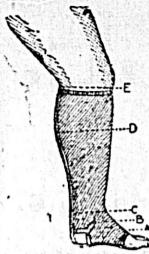
good which they have done, and in the

period of prosperity that the

Grits have failed to realize the

good which they have done, and in the

period of



# Silk Elastic Hosiery

CAN BE OBTAINED AT OUR DRUG STORE

The quality is the best obtainable. Silk and rubber interwoven by expert workmen. Special shapes or lengths can be ordered from us, and customers will receive them in two weeks' time. We invite you to call and inspect our stock of drugs, sundries and toilet articles. Buyers here are satisfied.

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST.

89 Government Street, near Yates Street,

Victoria, B. C.

## VICTORIA TIDES.

By F. Napier Denison.

The zero of the accompanying scale corresponds to the average lowest yearly tide, and 18.6 feet above the sill of the Esquimalt Dry Dock.

Saturday, Sept. 22.	Sunday, Sept. 23.
Time.	Height above zero
2:05 a.m.	8.0 feet
7:15 a.m.	4.3 feet
2:10 p.m.	8.8 feet
8:20 p.m.	4.6 feet
2:50 a.m.	8.0 feet
8:20 a.m.	4.8 feet
3:00 p.m.	8.6 feet
8:50 p.m.	10 feet

## Fire Insurance.

Heisterman & Co.

## LOCAL NEWS.

Air-Tight Heaters at Cheapside.

Blue Ribbon Tea is simply delicious.

Bird and Parrot Cages at Cheapside.

Drink "Hondi," purest and best of Ceylon tea.

George Powell & Co. are agents for Majestic Ranges.

Maxims are of great use these days.

Let your maxim be "Use Hondi Tea."

Air-tight heaters—genuine Russia iron

—at Clarke & Pearson's.

This week Weiler Bros. are selling Lamps at specially reduced prices to make room for their new goods.

Real Hair Switches.—Wigs, hair-dressing, shampooing, cutting, etc. Combing made up in any style. Mrs. C. Kosche, 55 Douglas, near Fort street.

If you want a handsome high grade Lamp at a special low price, you can get it this week at Weiler's.

Headquarters for British Columbia and Alaska Indian curios and relics. F. Laudsberg, 43 Johnson street.

**We Are Candidates**  
for your trade. Our platform is pure drugs and prescriptions, carefully dispensed both day and night at low prices. Come in and vote for us.

DAVIES' DRUG STORE,

30 and 32 Government Street

All kinds of Lamps—Table, Library, Hail, Banquet, Piano and others—go in the great reduction sale at Weiler's this week.

The Victoria News Co., stationers and booksellers. New stock office stationery. R. T. Williams, manager, 86 Yates street.

## GET THE BEST.

When you are buying drugs, Life is too short to trifling with inferior goods. We carry none but the finest quality, and our prices are right.

F. W. FAWCETT & Co., Chemists, 49 Government St.

For Sale—As a going concern, the business of the Ideal provision store, 72 Yates street, including delivery wagon and horse. First-class opening for the right man. For particulars apply to F. R. Stewart & Co., 40 Yates street.

All roads lead to Rome. Also to the Victoria Cafe, if you take the right turning.

Grand matinee to-day at Victoria theatre at 2:15; doors open at 1:30. The Boston Lyric Opera Company in "Wang." Admission—Adults, 50c.; children, 25c. Tickets on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery, store up to 1 o'clock; after that at theatre box office.

Seattle P. I. arrives at 1:30 p. m. day of publication. Delivered 75c. per month. Frank Campbell, agent. For sale by all newsdealers.

Raglan & Laurier

# Macintoshes

ARE THE LATEST AND BEST.

CALL AND INSPECT.

SEA & GOWEN  
Gents' Furnishers.

80 Douglas Street.

I. O. O. F. Block

# Stoddard's Jewelry Store

63 YATES STREET.

ONE DOOR ABOVE BROAD STREET.

A STRONG NICKEL WATCH

Stemwind and set, full jewelled escapements, warranted 5 years, special reduced price.

**\$2.50 AND \$3.00**

The above is cheap at \$5.00. We have upwards of 500 on sale. Bankrupt stock bought for cash. Take advantage of this offer while it lasts.

CYRUS H. BOWES, CHEMIST.

Victoria, B. C.

## Furs Made and Renovated.

MANUFACTURE OF SEAL SKIN JACKETS A SPECIALTY. LATEST DESIGNS FROM LONDON AND AMERICA. CALL AND SEE OUR FASHION PLATES.

SOUPAL & CO., 34 Government Street.

## Rubber Tires for Carriages.

I AM THE ONLY CARRIAGE MAKER IN THE CITY CARRYING A STOCK OF THESE GOODS.

WILLIAM MABLE, 115 Johnson St.

## A Few First Class Properties FOR SALE OR RENT

OAK BAY AVENUE—A handsome house, stable and one acre, sale.

FERNSWOOD ROAD—Beautiful residence, sell or let.

FERNSWOOD ROAD (near)—Nice family house, with stable, sell or let.

YUCCA STREET—Very nice nine roomed house, only \$15, including water.

VERY PRETTY COTTAGE; orchard and land near city.

## C. C. REVANS

Land and Insurance Agent.

34a Government Street, Victoria.

## AUCTION SALES.—All Advertisements for Auction Sales will be found on Page 8.

Spiritualist Lecture.—Rev. Moses Huill lectures in A. O. U. W. hall Sunday evening at 8:15, under the auspices of the Psychic Research Society. The subject is, "Biblical and Modern Spiritualism Compared."

For the Orphans.—Donations of \$9 from Capt. H. G. Lewis, and \$10 from Victoria Lodge, No. 17, K. of P., have been received by the honorary treasurer of the Protestant Orphans' Home.

Conservative Meeting.—A general meeting of the Victoria Liberal-Conservative Association will be held on Tuesday evening at Foresters' hall, for the purpose of appointing committees and organizing for the campaign.

Again Adjourned.—There was but one case called before the city police magistrate yesterday, that of J. Wood, charged with trotting his horses on James Bay bridge. As Mr. Moresby, counsel for the defence, was engaged in another court, the case was adjourned until Monday.

Partly Heard.—Some of the evidence in Westley v. Westley, an action for divorce taken by a resident of Port Simpson against his wife, was heard before Mr. Justice Drake in the Supreme court yesterday. The trial was then adjourned for two weeks.

Doing Well.—James Pilling, formerly of this city, is singing first tenor in the "Golden Nugget" quartette, with "Pennsylvanian's Perdier" Company. The company will be in Seattle and Portland next week, but will not come to Victoria. Mr. Pilling was with the Bostonians for a while, but left them for his present engagement.

Still Stands Over.—The appeal of the Law Society against the decision of two justices of the peace, that lawyers should be called upon to contribute annually to the city revenue, was to have come before the Supreme court yesterday, but was adjourned for a week.

Application Refused.—In the Supreme court yesterday, Mr. Justice Drake refused the application of Sdoo, a Russian merchant, for a writ of prohibition to prevent the sale of his stock by judgment creditors. The judgment was obtained in the Small Debts court, Sdoo says, during his absence in Spokane. The evidence is, his absence from Rossland was directly opposite, some saying he saw him in Spokane the day in question and others that he was in Rossland on that day. The sale will proceed under the order issued yesterday.

Seattle P. I. arrives at 1:30 p. m. day of publication. Delivered 75c. per month. Frank Campbell, agent. For sale by all newsdealers.

Grand matinee to-day at Victoria theatre at 2:15; doors open at 1:30. The Boston Lyric Opera Company in "Wang." Admission—Adults, 50c.; children, 25c. Tickets on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery, store up to 1 o'clock; after that at theatre box office.

Seattle P. I. arrives at 1:30 p. m. day of publication. Delivered 75c. per month. Frank Campbell, agent. For sale by all newsdealers.

Their First Loss.—In the death of Mr. J. E. Martin, the newly-formed Yorkshire Society lost its first member through death. The late Mr. Martin was one of the most popular members of the society and was one of the few people who had advocated for years the inauguration of such a society. At the last annual meeting he was elected secretary, and it will be extremely hard to find any one to fill the duties of the office as he did. He was extremely proud of his native shire and took a great interest in it and was always well posted in the happenings of the county. Mr. Martin was also one of the oldest members of the Albion Cricket Club.

Grand matinee to-day at Victoria theatre at 2:15; doors open at 1:30. The Boston Lyric Opera Company in "Wang." Admission—Adults, 50c.; children, 25c. Tickets on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery, store up to 1 o'clock; after that at theatre box office.

Their First Loss.—In the death of Mr. J. E. Martin, the newly-formed Yorkshire Society lost its first member through death. The late Mr. Martin was one of the most popular members of the society and was one of the few people who had advocated for years the inauguration of such a society. At the last annual meeting he was elected secretary, and it will be extremely hard to find any one to fill the duties of the office as he did. He was extremely proud of his native shire and took a great interest in it and was always well posted in the happenings of the county. Mr. Martin was also one of the oldest members of the Albion Cricket Club.

Grand matinee to-day at Victoria theatre at 2:15; doors open at 1:30. The Boston Lyric Opera Company in "Wang." Admission—Adults, 50c.; children, 25c. Tickets on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery, store up to 1 o'clock; after that at theatre box office.

Their First Loss.—In the death of Mr. J. E. Martin, the newly-formed Yorkshire Society lost its first member through death. The late Mr. Martin was one of the most popular members of the society and was one of the few people who had advocated for years the inauguration of such a society. At the last annual meeting he was elected secretary, and it will be extremely hard to find any one to fill the duties of the office as he did. He was extremely proud of his native shire and took a great interest in it and was always well posted in the happenings of the county. Mr. Martin was also one of the oldest members of the Albion Cricket Club.

Grand matinee to-day at Victoria theatre at 2:15; doors open at 1:30. The Boston Lyric Opera Company in "Wang." Admission—Adults, 50c.; children, 25c. Tickets on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery, store up to 1 o'clock; after that at theatre box office.

Their First Loss.—In the death of Mr. J. E. Martin, the newly-formed Yorkshire Society lost its first member through death. The late Mr. Martin was one of the most popular members of the society and was one of the few people who had advocated for years the inauguration of such a society. At the last annual meeting he was elected secretary, and it will be extremely hard to find any one to fill the duties of the office as he did. He was extremely proud of his native shire and took a great interest in it and was always well posted in the happenings of the county. Mr. Martin was also one of the oldest members of the Albion Cricket Club.

Grand matinee to-day at Victoria theatre at 2:15; doors open at 1:30. The Boston Lyric Opera Company in "Wang." Admission—Adults, 50c.; children, 25c. Tickets on sale at Victoria Book & Stationery, store up to 1 o'clock; after that at theatre box office.

# BONAPARTE POTATOES

A full twenty-two ton car. Everybody knows these are the best. Just received by

ERSKINE, WALL & CO., The Leading Grocers.

## Mantels Tiles and Grates

A particularly fine assortment on hand. Call and inspect these art goods. Estimates cheerfully given.

AGENT FOR LUXFER PRISMS.

W. J. ANDERSON,

Langley street, cor. Courtenay.

## Fisheries And Freight

## Short Session of the Council of the Board of Trade.

## Members Would Like the Islander to Return to Her Old Schedule.

A short meeting of the council of the board of trade was held yesterday morning, when the report of the fisheries committee on deep sea fisheries was received; it was decided to meet President Shaughnessy, of the C. P. R., during his visit here, to see whether arrangements could not be made for the more expeditious handling of freight between Victoria and Vancouver, and to urge the government to make a large appropriation to assist in the publication and distribution of the board's annual report.

Vice-President McQuade occupied the chair, and there were present Messrs. Mara, Fraser, Leisey and Capt. Cox. The first business submitted was the report of the fisheries committee, as follows:

we, the standing committee on fisheries, beg to report that at a meeting held on September 17th, Mr. Charles Todd was elected chairman. The following resolution was unanimously adopted.

Whereas, this committee is informed that official information can be secured from the Dominion government regarding the deep sea fishing banks of the British Columbia Coast;

"And whereas, the government of the United States has caused investigations to be conducted by the fish commission steamer Albatross, whereby extensive fishing grounds have been located on the coast of Alaska and the Pacific Coast of the United States, such grounds being now utilized by a fleet of American fishing vessels from San Francisco and Puget Sound;

"Therefore resolved that the council be impressed upon the Dominion government the desirability of steps being taken to secure a similar survey of the Western Canadian Coast as that undertaken by the American government in the SS. Albatross."

The report was received.

On motion, Mr. D. R. Ker was appointed the board's delegate to the good roads convention, to be held at Kamloops on Friday, October 1.

For the committee on tramway extension, Mr. Ker wrote that there was nothing to report, but suggested that the board still urge the extension of the line right to the outer wharf.

A communication from the Pan-American congress, asking that the board urge the government to make an appropriation for an exhibit at Buffalo, was laid on the table.

After a short discussion, it was decided to ask the government to supplement their appropriation of \$100 to aid in circulating the board's annual report, which will shortly be issued in book form.

The arrangements for handling freight between Vancouver and Victoria was next discussed, all agreeing that the present tri-weekly freight service was inadequate and that it would be better for the Islander to be put back on her old schedule and handle freight daily.

The whole council will interview Mr. Shaughnessy upon his arrival here.

The following letter has been received by the board from Col. Prior:

Sir—I beg to inform

**DR. PEATE'S  
GREAT GLASS**

**A Huge Concave Mirror Made  
For the American  
University.**

From The Philadelphia Ledger.

While on his way to the late conference of astronomers and astrophysicists at Williams Bay, Wis., The Ledger's astronomical correspondent was privileged to spend a day at Greenville, Penn., with the Rev. Dr. John Peate, the creator of the huge spectrum designed for the reflecting telescope of the American University at Washington.

His ministerial career for upward of forty-five years—the doctor is now in his seventy-eighth year—has been exceedingly fruitful, and he has held the most important position within the bounds of the Ecumenical Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church. It was during a session of this body, under the Presidency of Bishop John F. Hurst, that Dr. Peate's crowning optical work had its inception. The Bishop was securing subscriptions to the fund for the endowment of the projected American University, when he was startled by the announcement of one of the ministers that Dr. Peate, who was seated by his side, would contribute his skill toward the construction "of the greatest silver-on-glass reflecting telescope in the world."

The doctor had devoted his spare time for many years to the study of the difficult process of grinding and polishing concave mirrors, and, entirely unaided by extraneous suggestions had completed a number of specula, ranging in diameter from six to thirty inches. One of his twelve-inch mirrors is mounted in an observatory in the rear of his house.

The extraordinary offer was entertained for a year before it was accepted; but on July 15, 1885, the critical work was commenced upon a rough disk, 62 inches in diameter and 7 inches thick, furnished by the Butler Glass Works. Heretofore, all such costly moulds had been imported; but, both because of patriotic and economic reasons, the Butler people were induced to make the attempt to produce the largest glass disk ever designed for telescope purposes. Other parties had refused to undertake it, or else required an instalment of several thousand dollars. Four separate pourings were made into a mould with an iron bottom and a wrought iron rim, and all proved unsuccessful—the disk cracking during the annealing; but the fifth was triumphant owing to a luminous suggestion by the doctor, and at the end of two weeks it was found to be properly annealed and without fracture. When transported to Greenville and carried to the shop prepared for it, a dozen men carried it to the turn-table upon which it was to receive the treatment necessary to transform it into a vast concave mirror.

A piece of ground had been purchased in the suburbs of Greenville and a shop erected with a testing gallery some 80 feet in length. The concrete foundation and the brick chimney were the work of the doctor's own hands. At one side of the shop facing the testing gallery was the turn-table, pierced with many auger holes for purposes of ventilation. On this last carpet—the bed of the great disk, a gas engine of four horse power revolved the engine and a crane supported the cast-iron convex grinding tool, weighing 600 pounds, made in Greenville, which the doctor incessantly plowed across the surface of the mirror as he moved around it.

An hour or two of such treatment so disturbed the equilibrium of the glass that it was usually suffered to remain at rest until the next morning, when, by means of a hinged device, it was placed upon edge to be tested by the Foucault method in the adjoining gallery. Boxes of steel and natural emetics, and bottles used in successive triturations, filled several shelves of the grinding room, while here and there a keg of pitch was visible.

Exactly two years from the time of commencing his arduous task the doctor declared his work of figuring and polishing complete, and disposed of the engine and the bulky tools employed. The correspondent found the mammoth disk a beautiful piece of glass, with scarcely a scratch upon its polished surface, supported in a temporary cell by iron straps, and capable of being swing like a toilet mirror in its frame. Its diameter is a trifle above of inches and its thickness 5-16 inches.

To try its power—although as yet unsilvered—upon distant objects a part of the side of the shop had to be cut away, and this was afterward made into a door for convenient use. When in position facing the testing gallery the opening of a door at the further end placed the mirror in line with certain test objects. To move it to this point from a distance of ten feet was the work of the doctor and his visitor, who with block and tackle and levers, and with much perspiring, shifted the cell, and its tenant of crystal weighing more than a ton.

In the gallery a little table was placed at a distance of 60 feet, twice the focal length of the mirror, and upon this stood a lamp the flame of which was used to illuminate the surface of the mirror, in which "no zones" could be detected.

A metallic shield furnished an artificial star, the image of which was thus examined, and the cutting off by a knife edge of the light rays and the coming on of the gray shadowedness the really critical test.

Afterward the image of a watch dial 500 feet away was magnified by the use of an eyepiece, and at the distance of 1,000 feet a pin carrying a hair was plainly seen. The doctor hung upon the surface of his great spectrum a forty-inch pasteboard disk to represent the Yerkes lens, and the latter seemed a pug in comparison, and a frame house half a mile distant was viewed with such distinctness without an eyepiece that even mulberries were visible.

Of course the spectrum is to be silvered upon its concave surface before being placed in its tube, and this will have to be accomplished by building a rim around its edge to hold the silvering solution poured upon it until precipitation has occurred. It is customary to partially immerse mirrors of ordinary size face downward in the silvering bath, but this is impossible in the case of large ones.

When silvered and burnished this mighty spectrum will certainly gather twice as much light as the Yerkes lens, making full allowance for loss by reflection. It will be particularly available for stellar spectroscopy and for the photography of nebulae. To use it visually a plane mirror will be placed in the centre of the tube near the sky end, and the rays reflected from the great glass at the bottom of the tube will be caught by the diagonal, and thrown out at the side where the eye-piece will be placed.

The American University is very willing to receive funds for mounting its prize, for which a large sum will be necessary, and would doubtless perpetuate in its observatory the name of any generous donor who would assume the cost of housing it, ready for astronomical work.

The famous Lord Ross reflector has a spectrum six feet in diameter, but it is metallic, being made of an alloy of copper and tin, and weighs some four tons, besides being exceedingly brittle. Visitors to the Yerkes Observatory were shown a

disk of glass on its turnstile sixty inches in diameter, just a little smaller than the Peate mirror, but eight inches in thickness. The only serious question about the latter, which is so much thinner, is that of flexure under its own enormous weight, and the consequent distortion of the image. But competent opticians speak very encouragingly as to this, Mr. G. W. Wills, Ritchey, of the Yerkes Observatory, declaring that it will give no trouble.

It is scarcely possible to convey a sense of the immense labor and patience required to bring the enterprise to perfection. The test of the figure is affected by even a touch of the thumb on the sensitive glass, and perhaps 400 tests, involving the change of position of the mirror, were necessary during the progress of the figuring. Too much praise cannot be given to the indomitable doctor, who with his boyish enthusiasm and astonishing muscular vigor has prosecuted a work pronounced by many to be impossible. Indeed, the elder Alvin Clark, whose early work was done on reflectors, once told him that the figuring of a large spectrum was more difficult than that of a lens.

**MARRIAGE IN CHINA.**

**Ceremonies That Seem Superfluous to Persons of Western Education.**

From The London Express.

The marriage of the upper classes in China is surrounded by a number of very elaborate ceremonies, though those of humbler station content themselves with more primitive rites.

Among the classes supposed to be better off a great feast is one of the most important items of the day's proceedings. This, which answers to the wedding breakfast, is spread on tables at the east and west of the dining hall. But, curiously enough, neither bride nor bridegroom is permitted to taste the "supper" manfully displayed. Instead, a meal for the "supper man" is spread in the courtyard. Before the ceremony he makes obeisance to his father and the wedding guests, kneeling down and knocking his head six times against the ground. The father hands him a goblet of wine and tells him to send for his bride.

The formula in the bidding never alters. It is in the following words: "Go, my son, and seek your wife and behave in all things with prudence and wisdom." The sedan chair, or palanquin, which is despatched for the reception of the bride, is invariably painted red, and is often richly adorned with paintings and carvings. A profusion of gilding is always one of its most characteristic features. A large procession, including a band of music, is always sent as escort to the blushing bride. Guy lanterns and banners, torches, umbrellas and fans are always carried in the procession, not to mention various emblems appropriate to the occasion. Thus a tiny orange tree, well laced with golden fruit, is taken along as a symbol of a large family. A goose and a gander are emblematic of conjugal fidelity, while a dolphin means worldly prosperity and a high position. The color of all the paraphernalia is red—the hue of rejoicing. Red fans, red lanterns, red umbrellas, together with the red-painted palanquin and the red costumes of the attendants, makes a bright splash of color. And with the muselins blowing and clumping their hardest, gongs beating, torches spluttering and flaring and lanterns gleaming a Chinese wedding procession appeals powerfully alike to eye and ear.

It is etiquette for everybody to make way for the cortège, and China's penal code provides a severe punishment for anybody neglecting to do so.

Before the bride sets forth on her journey to her new abode, whilst she is bidden by a few lines written on red paper, and presented by the friend of the bridegroom answering to the English "best man"—she does kow-tow to her father and mother, drinks a last cup of wine, and, kneeling, listens to harangues from her parents on the new state of life into which she is now entering, and her duties therein. These orations, in the best style of Chinese eloquence, occupy some time; meanwhile the poor little bride, on her knees, listens with what patience she may command. Ere stepping into the palanquin she veils herself in the silk of the orthodox shade of red, then the return procession starts.

Arrived at the house a curious ceremony takes place, the bride being presented with a tray containing rice and betel nuts. She must prostrate herself at the feet of her future husband, to denote her complete submission to his will. Then the girl unvels, and for the first time the bridegroom sees his bride's face.

Ancestor worship and the adoration of the heavens and the earth are essential parts of a Chinese marriage ceremony, though the formal adoration of the ancestral tablets does not take place till the third day after the wedding. The bride at the wedding feast must prostrate herself before her parents-in-law, to whom she gives wine. The mother-in-law in her turn presents the bride with a cup of wine. Three days after marriage a grand visit of ceremony is paid to the wife's parents. Servants laden with presents accompany newly wedded pair.

**A SERIOUS CHARGE.**

United States Under Secretary of State Recruited For Boers.

The Montreal Witness in a Washington despatch says:

Last winter, during the excitement over the Boer war a patent office employee named Gustave Thielkahl was found to be engaged in recruiting men for service in the Boer army. He was warned to stop, and nothing more was heard of the latter until later, when it was discovered that Thielkahl was still actively at work. He was dismissed from the public service. Thielkahl has now issued a signed statement, alleging that the man who really was raising the filibustering company was Webster Davis, then assistant secretary of the Interior, and that Thielkahl was merely a mask for Davis. It was not until after the scheme had failed that Mr. Davis went to the Transvaal to investigate the conditions there for himself.

Thielkahl asserts that Mr. Davis, having learned that he was a poor sympathizer for him and proposed that Thielkahl should insert an advertisement in the Washington papers.

Thielkahl's name, of course, was Thielkahl's name, asking for "able-bodied men with military experience to go to the Transvaal." Davis, at that time, was Thielkahl's superior officer. Thielkahl was instructed by Davis, he says, to turn over all the letters received in answer to the advertisement to Davis.

"I received in all about 20,000 letters, of which Mr. Davis took charge," says Thielkahl. "Mr. Davis prepared the advertisement, saying that he could fit it so that the law could not reach me, and he also told me I must not let his name be known in connection with the affair under any circumstances, for if it became known that he was aiding the Boers in this way it would injure him with the administration."

In addition to the 20,000 letters Thielkahl says he received so many personal visits at the department that his immediate chief became suspicious and an investigation was called for. "The investigation was taken up by Mr. Davis," says Thielkahl, "who, of course decided in my favor." Later on as his correspondence and visits

continued to attract attention, an investigation was again called for. Knowing that this time it would come before Secretary Hitchcock himself, Assistant Secretary Davis advised Thielkahl to resign, and promised to send him to South Africa. Thielkahl obeyed, he says, and continued to receive applications, getting about eight hundred personal applications from residents of the District of Columbia alone, besides letters.

On December 2, 1899, he says, the assistant secretary informed him that he, Davis, had concluded to go to South Africa himself, "as it was necessary for him to see President Kruger, so as to arrange for the payment of a shipment of men who had applied to him to go to South Africa, for his time and expense, all of which, I have no doubt, he succeeded in doing." Thielkahl concludes:

"My understanding with Mr. Davis is that he was to see that I and all the men that went to South Africa were well paid, and that we were to have shares set aside for us in the Kimberley diamond fields, as well as receiving other compensation from Mr. Davis or any other person for my services and expenses in connection with this matter, which were considerable. Mr. Davis having kept none of his promises that he gave me, Mr. Davis expected to receive a large sum of money from President Kruger for our services in the Boer cause, and I presume his expectations were realized. I have written him more than twenty letters since December 2, 1899, when I last saw him in Washington, and since his return to this country, but I have not seen him nor heard from him in any way since."

"I believe that the Boers are prolonging the war at the present time on the strength of the representations and promises made by President Kruger by Mr. Davis of the sympathy and assistance of the United States if Bryan should be elected. Davis' actions since his return to the country justify me in this latter assertion."

"From the facts set forth herein it will be seen that while Webster Davis was assistant secretary of the interior department of the United States he was disloyal to his government, and I want the people of the United States to know it."

Mr. Chas. Smith, of Joliet, Ill., writes: "I have used every remedy for sick headache I could hear of for the past fifteen years, but Carter's Little Liver Pills did me more good than all the rest."

**BEYOND REACH OF SYMPATHY.**

Prostrate Veteran Killed Brother in Batt'le Would Forget.

From the Chicago News.

He was a veteran of the Mexican war and had served his time in the 1st Pennsylvania during the civil war. He had fought at Bull Run and Appomattox, but the hospitality of Chicago had overcome him.

Gray-haired and grizzled he reclined in an alley east of the Chamber of Commerce building with his head resting upon a hard stone step, unconscious of the sympathetic passers-by, who stopped to gaze upon his forlorn and dilapidated figure. A comrade came along, and attracted by the badge upon his breast stopped to assist him. "Come, comrade, this is no place for you; get up and come with me."

"We are not fighting now, the fighting is all over; let me rest; I am only resting after the battle," was the numb reply.

"Yes, I know the battles are over, comrade, but think of the disgrace of sleeping on duty."

"On duty, say you? On duty? Are we still on duty? Are there battles still to be fought?" And he straightened up his aged frame and looked his comrade in the eyes.

Yes, comrade, the battle of self-respect, the battle with that greatest of enemies, rum."

"Rum, say you? I have no battle to fight with rum. Rum is my friend; it enables me to forget."

To forget! Why do you want to forget the glory of the battles in which you played so important a part?"

"Why do I want to forget? Why do I want to forget? Because my brother fought on the other side, and at the battle of Appomattox we met face to face, and I killed him."

"Good God, comrade! Is that true?"

"As true as I lie here an object of pity for the populace of this great city."

"Forgive me, comrade; there are some things that only God can appreciate. I will let you rest."

The gray head again dropped upon the hard stone step, and the sympathetic man who had stopped to aid the fallen one pursued his way to his hotel, where he related the experience to the companion of his youth.

You never have a head in the morning from drinking Jesse Moore "AA" whiskey. Try it.

**WHY IT NEEDED REVISION.**

"To whom do you intend to give the villain's part?" asked the dramatist.

"Walker, of course," answered the manager.

"What! That stick!" exclaimed the dramatist.

"He's the only one available," explained the manager.

"Then give me back my play," said the dramatist.

"Surely you don't intend to withdraw it," protested the manager.

"Oh, no," answered the dramatist. "I only want to revise it. The villain isn't killed off until the last act as it stands now, you know."—Chicago Post.

**REGULATIONS FOR THE DETECTION AND TREATMENT OF A DISEASE KNOWN AS BUBONIC PLAGUE.**

Approved by Order of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council, dated the 6th day of September, 1900.

COURTS OF ASSIZE, Nisi Pruis, Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery will be held in the Court House, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the places, and on the dates following, namely:—

City of Victoria, on the 2nd day of October, 1900.

City of Vancouver, on the 2nd day of October, 1900.

Town of Clinton, on the 12th day of October, 1900.

City of Nanaimo, on the 9th day of October, 1900.

City of New Westminster, on the 16th day of October, 1900.

City of Nelson, on the 16th day of October, 1900.

City of Vernon, on the 16th day of October, 1900.

City of Kamloops, on the 23rd day of October, 1900.

City of Revelstoke, on the 25th day of October, 1900.

By Command,

A. CAMPBELL REDDIE, Deputy Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office, 15th June, 1900.

1. All sick Chinese or Japanese must send or give notice of their illness to the Health Officer or Police Constable in the district where such Chinese or Japanese reside.

2. Physicians in attendance on sick Chinese or Japanese shall notify the Health Officer or Chairman of the Local Board of Health in Muncipalities; or, if in an outlying district, the Government Agent must be notified. Such notification should state the cause of illness and the condition of the glands throughout the body of the sick person, and should be delivered to the Health Officer, Chairman of the Local Board of Health or Government Agent, as the case may be, at the earliest possible opportunity.

3. In City Municipalities the Medical Health Officer shall be notified within six hours of the death of any Chinese or Japanese, by the person on whose premises such death occurred, or by some relation or person having charge of the person so dying.

4. In Rural Municipalities the Medical Health Officer or the Chairman or Secretary of the Local Board of Health must be notified within six hours of such death; and in outlying districts, the Government Agent or Police Constable shall be notified within twelve hours after such death, or as soon after as possible. Certificates as to the cause of death must be signed by the Health Officer in Municipalities, and in outlying districts by the Government Agent or some person duly authorized by him.



# Milk Business for Sale

The goodwill of one of the best Milk Businesses in the city for sale, together with a first-class herd of Cows, and also Horses, Carts, Harness, Dairy Utensils, and everything necessary for carrying on the same. The property at present used, together with all buildings can also be obtained if required.

Pemberton & Son,

45 Fort St.

## THE WEATHER.

Meteorological Office, Victoria, Sept. 21-8 p.m.

The barometer is highest over Vancouver Island, the Lower Mainland and the adjoining states of Washington and Oregon. A low area over the Northwest Territories and is central in Saskatchewan and Manitoba. Rainfall has been only in the neighborhood of the Straits and Sound in this section, and also in Cariboo. Temperatures have been unusually warm at most stations and especially in California, where the maximum was 92 degrees at San Francisco and Red Bluff. There indications of an approaching severe storm area and the pressure will probably give way Saturday and Sunday.

### TEMPERATURE.

	Min.	Max.
Victoria	52	60
New Westminster	52	64
Kamloops	50	72
Barkerville	40	50
Calgary	40	62
Winnipeg	42	72
Portland, Ore.	50	70
San Francisco, Cal.	70	92

### FORECASTS.

For 24 hours from 5 a.m. —(Pacific time) Saturday: Victoria and vicinity: Light to moderate winds; mostly cloudy, with occasional showers. Lower Mainland: Light winds; cloudy, with showers.

### VICTORIA DAILY RECORD.

Report for 24 hours ending 5 p.m. Observations taken daily at 5 a.m., noon and 5 p.m.

FRIDAY, Sept. 21.

5 a.m. .... 52 Mean. .... 55

Noon. .... 50 Highest. .... 60

5 p.m. .... 57 Lowest. .... 51

Deg. .... Deg.

The velocity and direction of the wind were as follows:

5 a.m. .... Calm.

Noon. .... 4 miles south.

5 p.m. .... 4 miles southeast.

Average state of weather—Cloudy.

Rain—0.3 inch.

Sunrise—2 hours.

Barometer at noon—Observed. .... 30.216

Corrected. .... 30.229

NEW WESTMINSTER.

Barometer at 5 p.m.—Corrected. .... 30.22

### PASSENGERS.

By steamer Islander from Vancouver:

Miss Elliott R. T. Ward

Mrs. Elliott J. H. Hensworth

Mrs. Morgan F. G. Wright

Mrs. Wrathall W. M. Brewer

H. Hall B. Dougour-Jouty

Miss Hart H. Bornstiel

L. Lee S. P. Moody

T. Longbottom R. H. Hall

E. Longbottom C. W. Munro

F. C. Gamble A. Begg

C. W. Gamble Mrs. Woodrow

A. R. Green J. Jones

J. D. Breeze Mrs. Jones

Rev. Mr. Beta Daisy Owens

J. H. Adams A. S. Willis

Chas. Crook Opal Heller

J. M. Messenger S. J. O'Reilly

E. Bradley Mrs. Ward

L. E. Smith Chas. Nobbs

Geo. Murray Mrs. Nobbs

By steamer Victorian from the Sound:

R. D. Robinson T. H. Claffey

Miss Cameron Frank Soule

J. A. McKay A. B. Finlay

Miss McKay E. M. Sarhoo

C. S. Wade E. Cochrane

Mrs. Wade Master Cochrane

F. D. Wheeler Miss Fenning

Capt. McKenzie G. G. Smith

L. Hayborth M. G. Hall

Miss J. Fishburn W. L. Leonard

By steamer Rosalie from the Sound:

Mrs. W. A. Clark T. Curley

Mrs. Lowndes J. Patterson

Mrs. Matsos Frank Baker

Mrs. O. L. Steen T. B. Pope

Capt. Christensen

### CONSIGNEES.

By steamer Rosalie from the Sound.

M. Burns & Co. J. H. Todd & Son

S. Leiser & Co. Gibson & Dottiger

By steamer Victorian from the Sound:

Mrs. Vigor P. McQuade & Son

Sea & Gowen Giant Powder Co.

Turner, B. & Co. Marine Iron Works

W. S. Fraser & Co. R. P. Rithet & Co.

S. J. Pitts & Co. J. R. Jacobs

G. E. Munro & Co. G. Spratt

F. R. Stewart & Co. Geo. Carter

C. F. Higgins H. Young & Co.

B. Williams The Colonist

Hickman T. H. Co. B. C. Mills

The first train since the great storm reached Galveston yesterday morning.

Trinity River, Texas, rose twenty feet during the night on account of twelve hours rain. Hundreds of families were driven from their houses in the lower portion of the city.

Another death from bubonic plague is reported from Gingras and an additional case of sickness is also reported.

The jury in the case of Morris Goldstein,

who died under suspicious circumstances

on August 10 at Toronto, and for whose

death Fanny Helpert is held awaiting trial

on a charge of having administered poison,

have brought in a verdict that deceased

came to his death by carbolic acid poison-

ing, administered by a party or parties un-

known.

Five yesterday destroyed the steamers

War Eagle, of the Eagle Packet Co., and

the Carrier, of the Calhoun Packet Co., at

the foot of Locust street, St. Louis. One

man was burned to death, another was mis-

sing and a third severely injured. Property

valued at \$100,000 was destroyed.

J. S. HELMCKEN.

Invertavish Nursery

Holly, Box, Chestnut, Magnolia, Tulip,

Junipers, Pines, Japan Maples, Monkey

Puzzles and various other beautiful trees

and shrubs for sale. Building lots also.

## SALES BY

THE GUTHBERT-BROWNE COMP'Y, LTD.

## AUCTION FURNITURE AND EFFECTS

ON...

Tuesday, September 25th, at 2 p.m.

Particulars later.

THE GUTHBERT-BROWNE CO., LTD.

Leading Auctioneers.

## A SNAP.

## FOR SALE

100 acres in the

Wreck Bay Placer Claims.

Will pay 100 per cent. within twelve months. The only block on the market.

The Cuthbert-Browne Co., Ltd.

Leading Auctioneers and Stock Brokers.

## WEST COAST

## IRON MINES

## A Large Amount of Development Work Is Being Done.

Vancouver, Sept. 21.—J. F. Bledsoe, M.E., of Alberni, is in Vancouver in connection with the transfer of some West Coast mining properties. Mr. Bledsoe speaks very hopefully of the mining outlook of the West Coast generally. At the present time the greatest interest is centred in the extensive prospecting of a number of iron properties located on Sarita, Copper Island and Toquart. This work is being carried on by syndicate, who have secured a long lease on the properties, and will mine the ore on a royalty. They have a large force of men at work, and expect to spend in the neighborhood of \$100,000 in exploration and development before actual shipments will begin.

Speaking of the copper properties on the Coast, Mr. Bledsoe said that the Monitor group is ready to begin shipments, as their extensive wharves are now completed, and their various stopes are sufficiently opened to enable a systematic production of ore from now on. A large amount of development work has been done on this property and an extensive body of high grade copper ore is now in sight.

Proceeding up the canal, the next property of importance is the Hayes group, upon which a large force of men have been working steadily all summer. Between 500 and 600 feet in depth has now been reached on this property, and the ore bodies exposed in all directions have demonstrated that this property is now worthy to be entitled a mine.

On China creek the contractors for the road extension to the Golden Eagle are putting on every available man in the district, as they have only 90 days in which to complete the work. Development work has been proceeding on this property for over two years without interruption, and a tunnel, between 600 and 700 feet length, has crossed several veins, at nearly the same depth, and so sufficiently demonstrated the permanent nature and value of the property, that the owners feel justified in crowding development and shipping arrangements as fast as possible with a view of getting their ore to market.

The placer operations at Wreck Bay are proceeding continuously, and almost every boat that visits the West Coast returns with a few thousand dollars in gold dust, to demonstrate that, while the pay ground is somewhat limited, some of it at least is well worth the working.

Generally speaking, while the season has been quiet from a speculative standpoint, development work has proceeded steadily on a number of promising properties with very satisfactory results.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The first train since the great storm

reached Galveston yesterday morning.

Trinity River, Texas, rose twenty feet

during the night on account of twelve

hours rain. Hundreds of families were

driven from their houses in the lower

portion of the city.

Another death from bubonic plague is

reported from Gingras and an additional

case of sickness is also reported.

The jury in the case of Morris Goldstein,

who died under suspicious circumstances

on August 10 at Toronto, and for whose

death Fanny Helpert is held awaiting trial

on a charge of having administered poison,

and a verdict that deceased

came to his death by carbolic acid poison-

ing, administered by a party or parties un-

known.

Five yesterday destroyed the steamers

War Eagle, of the Eagle Packet Co., and

the Carrier, of the Calhoun Packet Co., at